

ISC BIND Update

DENOG 3

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Introduction

- Who is ISC?
 - We make open source software
 - BIND
 - ISC DHCP
 - We host and provide Internet services
 - F root
 - SNS
 - SIE
- Who am I?
 - BIND 10 Engineering Manager

BIND 9 and BIND 10

- BIND 9 – the most used DNS server
- BIND 10 – new vision for BIND



ISC and BIND 9: How Do We Pay for It?

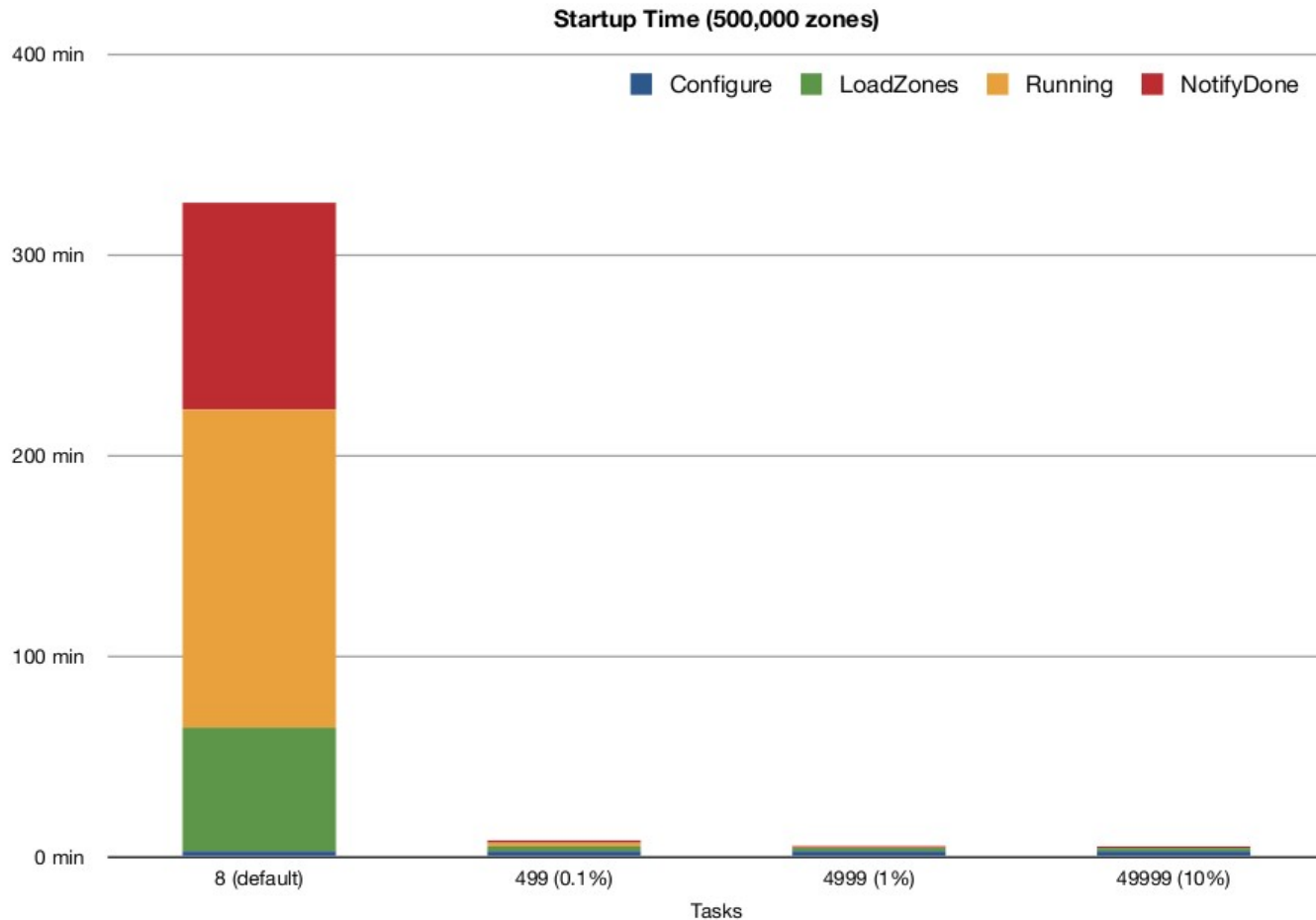
- ISC provides support
<http://www.isc.org/support>
- ISC offers custom development
<http://www.isc.org/support/software-development>
- ISC gives training
<http://www.isc.org/support/training>
 - Just had IPv6 training in Frankfurt
 - 3-day DNSSEC course in Rome in November
- ISC runs the BIND Forum
<http://www.isc.org/software/guild/bf>

ISC and BIND 9: How Do We Do It?

- Team of 5 developers
- Started using Scrum about a year ago
 - An “Agile” methodology
 - Slightly modified for our environment
- Push to improve testing of code
 - New code via test-driven development (TDD)
 - Also testing older code, finding ancient bugs

BIND 9: Startup Time Improvements

<http://www.isc.org/community/blog/201107/major-improvement-bind-9-startup-performance>



BIND 9: DNSSEC Improvements

- 'auto-dnssec' can now use NSEC3
- New dnssec-signzone options:
 - -D puts DNSSEC data in a separate file, so you can “\$INCLUDE example.com.signed”, and not have to modify the original zone file
 - -X allows different expiration time for DNSKEY, useful if KSK on a separate system
- Option to set default TTL for DNSKEY record
- dnssec-dsfromkey can now read from stdin:

```
dig dnskey isc.org | dnssec-dsfromkey -f - isc.org
```

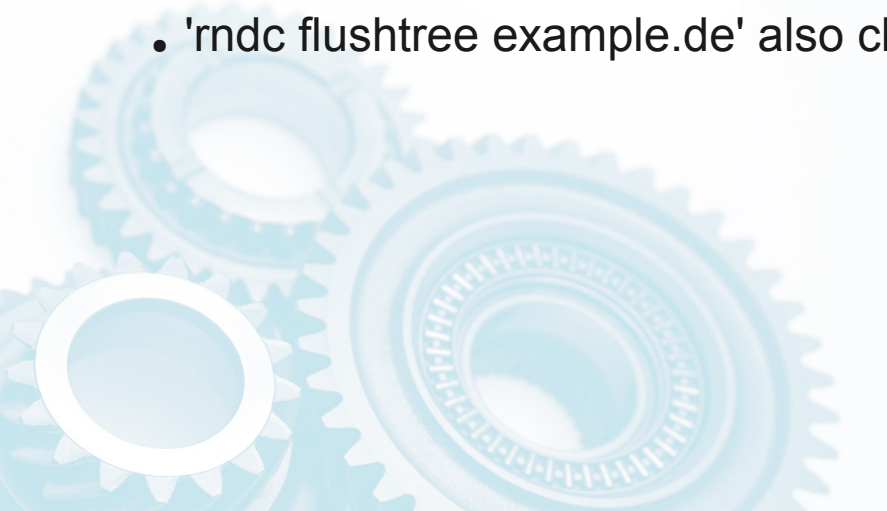
BIND 9: DNSSEC In-Line Signing

- Acts as a slave getting unsigned data
- Acts as a master sending signed data
- Separates the signing function from the Master DNS server
- Also known as “signer in the middle” or “bump in the wire”



BIND 9: More Goodies!

- RFC 1918 reverse zones in empty-zones table
 - Like 10.IN-ADDR.ARPA, 168.192.IN-ADDR.ARPA
 - As per RFC 6303
- Dynamic DNS (DDNS) improvements:
 - Can now set SOA to current UNIX time (seconds since 1970)
 - 'rndc sync' can write the zone without a freeze/thaw cycle
- 'also-notify' can now use named lists and TSIG keys
- 'rndc flushtree' clears cache under a name:
 - 'rndc flushtree example.de' also clears www.example.de



BIND 9: NXDOMAIN Redirection



BIND 9 Plans

- 9.10 expected 2012 quarter 1
 - DNSSEC Improvements 2: Key Management
 - SERVFAIL caching
 - Health & internal state monitoring
 - “Large Server” performance settings
- Possible futures (maybe 2012 quarter 3)
 - Multi-master
 - BIND 9 script integration mapping
 - Whole answer caching

Why BIND 10?



- BIND 9 is more than 10 years old
- The computing world has changed
 - Multi-core machines, massive RAM, ...
- The networking world has changed
 - Fiber everywhere, mobile devices, ...
- DNS software “marketplace” has evolved
 - Special-purpose servers, new ideas
- An architecture for the next 10+ years

What is BIND 10?



- Authoritative DNS server
 - DNSSEC-enabled
 - SQL or in-memory data sources
 - Master and/or slave mode
- Recursive DNS server
 - No DNSSEC yet (but coming)
- DNS libraries

BIND 10 History



- Original idea from Paul Vixie
- *Motivation for BIND 10* written by Paul Vixie & João Damas
- 10 TLDs agreed to be initial sponsors
<https://www.isc.org/bind10/sponsors>
- 2009-04-01 (April 1st, really!) start

What is Special about BIND 10?



- Customizable
 - Both “out of the box” and bespoke
 - Full run-time control (no restarts)
- Scalable
- Reliable
 - Well-tested
 - Resilient to failures and software errors
- Re-usable
 - Well-defined APIs and libraries

Cool BIND 10 Technologies?



- Cooperating processes
 - Helps customization, scaling, ...
- Generic data sources
 - SQLite and in-memory now, more later
- Full run-time configuration
 - New modules can use easily
 - RESTful HTTP/SSL interface
- Best logging system around

Putting the *Open* Back in *Open Source*



- BIND 10 development is *public*
- <https://bind10.isc.org>
 - Plans, designs, meeting minutes, ...
 - Build reports, bug tickets, ...
 - Public Git repository
- Working with other open source
 - Giving back to upstream
- Today!
- Goal: a product *and* a community

5 Year Plan



- ✓ Year 1: Authoritative-only server
- ✓ Year 2: Recursive server
- Year 3: Production-ready
- Year 4: BIND 9 transition, user joy
- Year 5: Really fun stuff
 - Cluster support
 - Embedded support
 - Smart, adaptive DNS behavior

BIND 10 Releases



- 2010-03-19 1st prototype release
 - Following releases about every 6 weeks
- 2011-02-24 recursive resolver release
- 2011-05-19 TSIG arrives
- 2011-07-05 ACLs arrive
- 2011-08-19 More TSIG, more ACLs, more RR types
- 2011-10-14 IXFR (inbound)

Current Status



- Working DNS server
 - Some developers use it, site uses it
- Currently expanding feature set

<http://bind10.isc.org/wiki/Year3Plan>



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