Introduction		Monitoring	Complexity		Observability	Outro
0	00000 0	000 00000		00 0000000	00 000000	

On Observability

Richard Hartmann, RichiH@{freenode,OFTC,IRCnet}, richih@{debian,fosdem,richih}.org, @TwitchiH

2018-11-21

Richard Hartmann, RichiH@{freenode,OFTC,IRCnet}, richih@{debian,fosdem,richih}.org, @TwitchiH

Introduction		Monitoring	Complexity		Observability	Outro
•	00000 0	000		00 0000000	00 000000	

'whoami'

- Richard "RichiH" Hartmann
- Swiss army chainsaw at SpaceNet
 - Leading the build of one of the most modern datacenters in Europe
 - ...and always looking for nice co-workers in the Munich area
- FOSDEM, DebConf, DENOGx, PromCon staff
- Author of https://github.com/RichiH/vcsh
- Debian Developer
- Prometheus team member
- OpenMetrics founder

Introduction o o	Intro ●○○○○	Monitoring 000 00000	Complexity 000	Services oo ooooooo	Observability oo oooooo	Outro o
Definitions						
Buzzwor	d					

buzzword, n:

A useful concept which has been picked up by everyone without understanding its deeper meaning and used so often that it's devoid of its original context and definition.

May revert to usefulness in the same or different meaning, or die off.

Richard Hartmann, RichiH@{freenode,OFTC,IRCnet}, richih@{debian,fosdem,richih}.org, @TwitchiH

Introduction o o	Intro o●ooo o	Monitoring 000 00000	Complexity	Services oo ooooooo	Observability oo oooooo	Outro o
Definitions						
Cargo cu	Ilting					

cargo culting, v:

Villagers on remote Pacific islands observed U.S. soldiers building marker fires and runways during WWII; this made planes come and bring gifts from the heavens. Cults emerged which built bonfires and runways in the hopes of getting more gifts. Also see: *copy & paste*

Introduction o o	Intro ○●○○ ○	Monitoring 000 00000	Complexity 000	Services oo ooooooo	Observability oo oooooo	Outro o
Definitions						
Monitorin	g					

monitoring, n: Old buzzword.

Too often: focus is put on collecting, persisting, and alerting on just any data, as long as its data. It might also be garbage. Also see: *data lake*

Richard Hartmann, RichiH@{freenode,OFTC,IRCnet}, richih@{debian,fosdem,richih}.org, @TwitchiH

Introduction o o	Intro ○○○●○	Monitoring 000 00000	Complexity	Services oo ooooooo	Observability oo oooooo	Outro o
Definitions						
Observa	bility					

observability, n:

Function of a system with which humans and machines can observe, understand, and act on the state of said system.

Richard Hartmann, RichiH@{freenode,OFTC,IRCnet}, richih@{debian,fosdem,richih}.org, @TwitchiH

Introduction o o	Intro ○○○○● ○	Monitoring 000 00000	Complexity 000	Services oo ooooooo	Observability oo oooooo	Outro o
Definitions						
Thanks!						

Thanks for listening!

Questions?

Email me if you want a job in Munich.

See slide footer for contact info.

Richard Hartmann, RichiH@{freenode,OFTC,IRCnet}, richih@{debian,fosdem,richih}.org, @TwitchiH

Introduction o o	Intro ○○○○○ ●	Monitoring 000 00000	Complexity 000	Services oo ooooooo	Observability oo oooooo	Outro o
Outlook						
Learning	S					

- Baseline of monitoring
- Types of monitoring data and when to use them
- Types of complexity
- Containing complexity
- Service, contracts, SL{I,O,A}, etc
- Services upon services
- Bringing it all together

Introduction o o	Intro 00000 0	Monitoring ●○○ ○○○○○	Complexity	Services oo ooooooo	Observability oo oooooo	Outro o
Baseline of monitoring						
Recap						

Monitoring is the bedrock of everything (in IT).

Hope is not a strategy.

Richard Hartmann, RichiH@{freenode,OFTC,IRCnet}, richih@{debian,fosdem,richih}.org, @TwitchiH

Introduction o o	Intro 00000 0	Monitoring ○●○ ○○○○○	Complexity 000	Services oo ooooooo	Observability oo oooooo	Outro o
Baseline of monitoring						
Claim						

Uninformed, or cargo culted, monitoring equals hope. Also see: *ISO 9001 & 27001*

So we need informed decisions, made on a factual basis.

Richard Hartmann, RichiH@{freenode,OFTC,IRCnet}, richih@{debian,fosdem,richih}.org, @TwitchiH

Introduction o o	Intro 00000 0	Monitoring ○○● ○○○○○	Complexity 000	Services oo ooooooo	Observability oo oooooo	Outro o
Baseline of monitoring						
50:50						

Broadly speaking, there are metrics and events

Metrics: Changes over time

Events: Specific points in time

Richard Hartmann, RichiH@{freenode,OFTC,IRCnet}, richih@{debian,fosdem,richih}.org, @TwitchiH

Introduction o o	Intro 00000 0	Monitoring ○○○ ●○○○○	Complexity 000	Services oo ooooooo	Observability oo oooooo	Outro o
Metrics, events, and when	to use them					

Metrics

- Numerical data
 - Counters: Things going up monotonically, e.g. total transmitted bytes
 - Gauges: Things going up and down, e.g. temperatures
 - Bool/ENUM: Special case of gauges indicating a changing state or a singular event
 - Histograms and percentiles: Things going into buckets or being in a specific percentage band, e.g. latency
- Counters and histograms lose, or compress, data (in the common case)
- Easy to handle at scale
- You can do math on them!

Introduction o o	Intro 00000 0	Monitoring ○○○ ○●○○○	Complexity 000	Services oo ooooooo	Observability oo oooooo	Outro o
Metrics, events, and	when to use them					



- Most likely text items
- Usually with inlined metadata
- Scale linearly with service load
- Can be summarized into counters, histograms, and quantiles

Introduction o o	Intro 00000 0	Monitoring ○○○ ○○●○○	Complexity	Services oo ooooooo	Observability oo oooooo	Outro o
Metrics, events, and	when to use them					
Traces						

- Execution path along the, hopefully annotated, code
- Impacts code runtime, aka expensive
- Can hide race conditions and other timing-dependent issues
- Usually disabled or sampled

Introduction o o	Intro 00000 0	Monitoring ○○○ ○○○●○	Complexity	Services oo ooooooo	Observability oo oooooo	Outro o
Metrics, events, and	when to use them					
Dumps						

- Thrown when programs abort abnormally
- Execution path along the code
- Not annotated unless compiler artefacts of the exact same program are available
- You want to avoid them, but you also want to collect them when they happen

Introduction		Monitoring	Complexity		Observability	Outro
	00000 0	000 00000		00 0000000	00 000000	
Metrics, events, and when	to use them					

When to use what

- Metrics should usually be the first point of entry
 - ..for alerts
 - ..for dashboards
 - ..for data exploration
- Logs are usually the second step
 - .. for establishing order of events
 - ..for detailed information
 - .. for access control, due diligence, etc
- Traces and dumps are useful to understand why individual system components behave in a certain way

Introduction		Monitoring	Complexity		Observability	Outro
	00000 0	000	●00 [°]	00 0000000	00	
It may be rocket science						



Fake complexity, aka shitty design

System-inherent complexity

Richard Hartmann, RichiH@{freenode,OFTC,IRCnet}, richih@{debian,fosdem,richih}.org, @TwitchiH

Introduction		Monitoring	Complexity		Observability	Outro
	00000 0	000	000	00 0000000	00	
It may be rocket science						



You can reduce fake complexity

You can contain inherent complexity

Richard Hartmann, RichiH@{freenode,OFTC,IRCnet}, richih@{debian,fosdem,richih}.org, @TwitchiH

Introduction		Monitoring	Complexity		Observability	Outro
	00000 0	000 00000	000	00 0000000	00 000000	
It may be realist asigned						

It may be rocket science

Containing complexity

You need to compartmentalize complexity to make it manageable

Richard Hartmann, RichiH@{freenode,OFTC,IRCnet}, richih@{debian,fosdem,richih}.org, @TwitchiH

Introduction o o	Intro 00000 0	Monitoring 000 00000	Complexity 000	Services ●o ○○○○○○○	Observability oo oooooo	Outro o
Baseline of services						



A service is anything a different entity relies upon

This entity might be another team, a customer, or yourself

Richard Hartmann, RichiH@{freenode,OFTC,IRCnet}, richih@{debian,fosdem,richih}.org, @TwitchiH

Introduction o o	Intro 00000 0	Monitoring 000 00000	Complexity 000	Services o● ooooooo	Observability oo oooooo	Outro o
Baseline of services						
Handover						

Service delineations have many names: interface, API, contract

I like to think of all of them as contracts. Why?

Richard Hartmann, RichiH@{freenode,OFTC,IRCnet}, richih@{debian,fosdem,richih}.org, @TwitchiH

Introduction o o	Intro 00000 0	Monitoring 000 00000	Complexity 000	Services ○○ ●○○○○○○	Observability oo oooooo	Outro o
Pop culture references						
Tetris						

Services build on top of each other

(Network * x + machine/container/kubelet * y + daemon/microservice * z) * n = HTTP service

Richard Hartmann, RichiH@{freenode,OFTC,IRCnet}, richih@{debian,fosdem,richih}.org, @TwitchiH

Introduction o o	Intro 00000 0	Monitoring 000 00000	Complexity 000	Services ○○ ○●○○○○○	Observability oo oooooo	Outro o
Pop culture references						
Jenga						

This tower can topple if the underlying building blocks are removed without due consideration.

"Contract" implies a firm commitment, which is why I like this term.

 $\label{eq:reconstruction} Richard Hartmann, RichiH@\{freenode, OFTC, IRCnet\}, richih@\{debian, fosde_n, richih\}.org, @TwitchiH_reconstruction.com and reconstruction.com and reconstruc$

Introduction		Monitoring	Complexity	Services	Observability	Outro
	00000 0	000 00000		00 00●0000	00 000000	
Pop culture references						



There's another common term for contract: layer.

Imagine if someone simply changed how IP works.

Richard Hartmann, RichiH@{freenode,OFTC,IRCnet}, richih@{debian,fosdem,richih}.org, @TwitchiH

Introduction o o	Intro 00000 0	Monitoring 000 00000	Complexity	Services ○○ ○○○●○○○○	Observability oo oooooo	Outro o
Pop culture references						
Trollina						

For example, imagine someone would claim that IP addresses have 128 instead of 32 bits all of sudden...

Richard Hartmann, RichiH@{freenode,OFTC,IRCnet}, richih@{debian,fosdem,richih}.org, @TwitchiH

Introduction o o	Intro 00000 0	Monitoring 000 00000	Complexity 000	Services ○○ ○○○○●○○	Observability oo oooooo	Outro o
Pop culture references						
Cake						

So we agree that layering makes sense, but why do we agree?

Richard Hartmann, RichiH@{freenode,OFTC,IRCnet}, richih@{debian,fosdem,richih}.org, @TwitchiH

Introduction	Intro	Monitoring	Complexity	Services	Observability	Outro
	00000	00000	000	<u>ठॅठॅठठठ</u> ⊙⊙	000000	
Pop culture references						



Because we internalized that it's good practice to contain and compartmentalize system-inherent complexity.

Richard Hartmann, RichiH@{freenode,OFTC,IRCnet}, richih@{debian,fosdem,richih}.org, @TwitchiH

Introduction		Monitoring	Complexity	Services	Observability	Outro
	00000 0	000 00000		00 000000	00 000000	

Pop culture references

Spectre, Meltdown, etc

A CPU is highly complex, but we are happy to trust their hidden complexity because there's a well-defined service boundary.

Richard Hartmann, RichiH@{freenode,OFTC,IRCnet}, richih@{debian,fosdem,richih}.org, @TwitchiH

Introduction o	Intro 00000 0	Monitoring 000 00000	Complexity 000	Services oo ooooooo	Observability ●0 ○○○○○	Outro o
Recap						
Relevand	e					

Customers care about their services being up, not about individual service components

Discern between primary (service-relevant) and secondary (informational / debugging) SLIs; alert only on the former

Anything currently or imminently impacting customer service must be alerted upon.

 $\label{eq:result} Richard Hartmann, RichiH@\{freenode, OFTC, IRCnet\}, richih@\{debian, fosdem, richih\}.org, @TwitchiH(red) and results and$

Introduction o o	Intro 00000 0	Monitoring 000 00000	Complexity 000	Services oo ooooooo	Observability o● ○○○○○○	Outro o
Recap						



Service delineations are the perfect boundaries for containing complexity

Richard Hartmann, RichiH@{freenode,OFTC,IRCnet}, richih@{debian,fosdem,richih}.org, @TwitchiH

Introduction		Monitoring	Complexity		Observability	Outro
	00000 0	000		00 0000000	00 •00000	
Bringing it all together						



Monitoring tells you whether the system works. Observability lets you ask why it's not working.

> -Baron Schwartz

Richard Hartmann, RichiH@{freenode,OFTC,IRCnet}, richih@{debian,fosdem,richih}.org, @TwitchiH

Introduction		Monitoring	Complexity		Observability	Outro
	00000	000		00	00	
		00000		0000000	000000	
Bringing it all together						

Observability is not something you ever achieve, you can always improve on it.

As such there's not the One True Thing to do, it's about establishing the correct mindset.

Richard Hartmann, RichiH@{freenode,OFTC,IRCnet}, richih@{debian,fosdem,richih}.org, @TwitchiH

Introduction o o	Intro 00000 0	Monitoring 000 00000	Complexity	Services oo ooooooo	Observability ○○ ○○●○○○	Outro o
Bringing it all together						
BCPs						

- Every outage gets a blame-free(!) post-mortem; and this includes a review of all relevant SLI & SLO
 - ...are they still useful?
 - ..would you have been quicker if you would have had different/more data?
 - ...should you retire some data collection?
- Link services together in your dashboards, etc
 - Make jumping into underlying services and their data as fluent as possible
 - Surface important insights from underlying services as context

Introduction o o	Intro 00000 0	Monitoring 000 00000	Complexity	Services oo ooooooo	Observability ○○ ○○●○○	Outro o
Bringing it all together						
BCPs						

- Avoid relying only on blackbox data where possible; you need to get into your systems and extract fine-grained and meaningful data
 - Best case, this means instrumenting your code to extract metrics and traces Every time you are even considering to place a DEBUG statement into a codepath, put a counter
 - In the networking space, this often means requiring better data from your vendors.

Explain what and why you need it, then force them via conditional POs, etc.

Introduction o o	Intro 00000 0	Monitoring 000 00000	Complexity	Services oo ooooooo	Observability ○○ ○○○○●○	Outro o
Bringing it all together						
BCPs						

- You (hopefully) know your services best, so create debugging stories in advance
 - What are common and/or critical paths while getting visibility into issues?
 - Which parts of these paths can you automate (more)?
 - Does it makes sense to introduce new (internal) service boundaries and/or contracts to create new compartments?
- ELI5: Find an non-expert and explain your services to them

Introduction o o	Intro 00000 0	Monitoring 000 00000	Complexity 000	Services oo ooooooo	Observability ○○ ○○○○○●	Outro o
Bringing it all together						
BCPs						

- Collecting 10x or 100x more data means you have more substance to work with
- Avoid data lakes, attach meaningful metadata as early as possible
- Your tools must be able to handle this load
- Even more important, they must make handling the amounts of data manageable, and support automation

Introduction		Monitoring	Complexity		Observability	Outro
	00000 0	000		00 0000000	00	•



Thanks for listening!

Questions?

Email me if you want a job in Munich.

See slide footer for contact info.

Richard Hartmann, RichiH@{freenode,OFTC,IRCnet}, richih@{debian,fosdem,richih}.org, @TwitchiH